

# Hardware security in the payment industry

cEDM event

08-12-2017



# **Agenda**

- 1 Worldline in a nutshell
- 2 Payment Card Industry
- 3 Attacks and how to protect
- 4 Security in IoT
- 5 Conclusion







our parent company

Bleeding Mark



The Marie was been at small the part of th

THE STREET WAS ARRESTED AND ASSESSED. THE STREET AND ASSESSED ASSESSED. THE STREET AND ASSESSED ASSESSED. THE STREET ASSESSED ASSESSED ASSESSED.

## **Our mission: Empowering the cashless society**





#### **Merchant Services**

c. 186,000 merchants



#### **Financial Services**

c. 250 banks

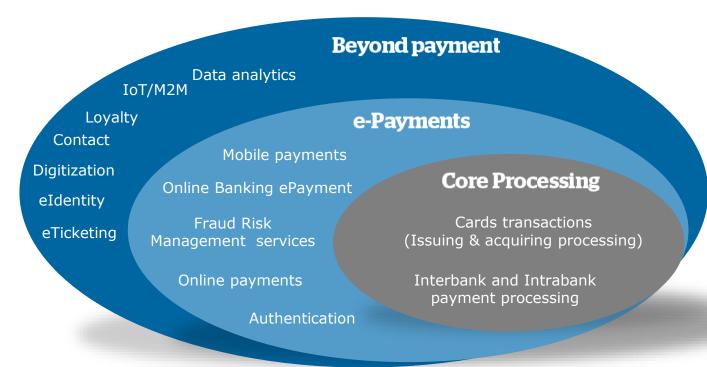


# Mobility & e-Transactional Services

c. 350 customers on various industries



### Technology as a key differentiator

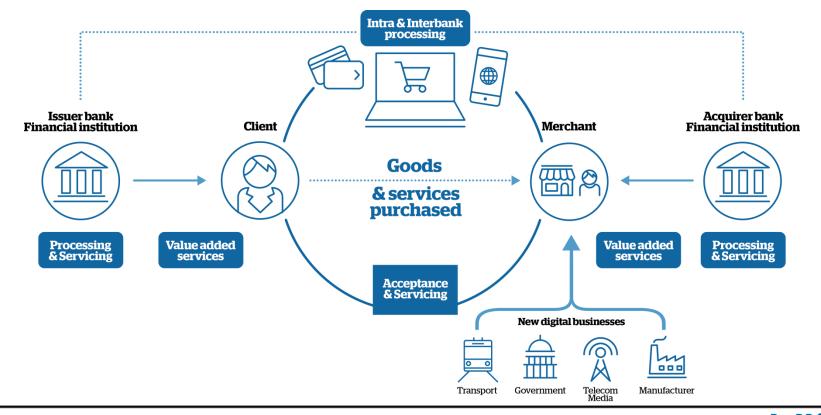


#### One global factory

- Supported by **EU hub** (with 5 major DC) interconnected with Latam hub (1 DC) and Asia hub (3 DC) for synchronization & monitoring
- c. 16,720 servers with a capacity of c.11.3PB of data
- European hub processes c.1,000 payment transactions per second



## We are covering the whole Payment value chain





## **Our international footprint**





#### **Terminals Services for Merchants**

A Secure Digital "Point Of Interaction" between merchant and consumer



Next generation Android-based terminals





Increase value for Merchant

Verticalisation of offering

Increase Merchant engagement

Value client data Drive additional service revenues





# Payment Card Industry

# PCI SSC Payment Card Industry Security Standards Council

#### PAYMENT CARD INDUSTRY SECURITY STANDARDS

**Protection of Cardholder Payment Data** 



Ecosystem of payment devices, applications, infrastructure and users

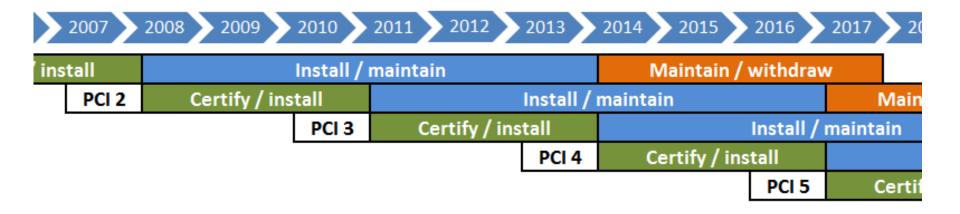
# PARTICIPATING ORGANIZATIONS

Merchants, Banks, Processors, Hardware and Software Developers and Point-of-Sale Vendors





# PCI PTS program management Standard Release and Terminal Validation



See <a href="https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/assessors">https://www.pcisecuritystandards.org/assessors</a> and solutions/pin transaction devices for list of approved terminals



# What to protect

Cryptographic keys

Card data

PIN code

Communication



Attacks and how to protect

## Skimming: capture PIN and card data













Skimming: capture PIN and card data











Lebanse Loop









## Keyboard overlay







#### Mini camera









# **Hacking**

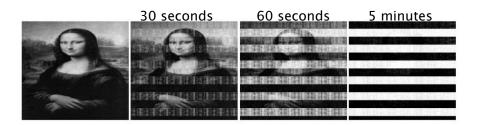




### Side channel attacks

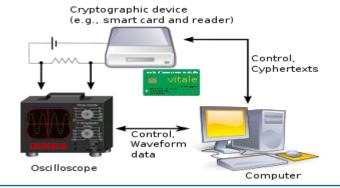
#### General classes of side channel attack include:

- Timing
- Power-monitoring attack
- Electromagnetic
- Acoustic cryptanalysis
- Differential fault
- Data remanence





DPA Countermeasures are necessary to secure devices from DPA and other side channel attacks





# How to protect secure assets

#### Secure electronics

Secure boot

Tamper circuit

TrustZone and firewall

Hardware crypto

On-the-fly encryption

#### Secure life-cycle

Manufacturing

Secure room

Personalisation system (using HSM)

Certified repair centre

#### Secure software

Trusted software

Authenticated software distribution

Secure software update

Code audit

#### Secure housing

Wiring shields: flex and PCB

Blind keys, tamper switches

Avoid open cavities

Avoid flat surfaces



# **Tampering**

**Tamper-resistance:** make intrusion difficult, usually by employing hardened casing

**Tamper-evident:** make intrusion attempts evident to subsequent viewers, often by employing seals which must be broken during intrusion

**Tamper-responsive:** detect the intrusion attempt and destroy the contents in the process





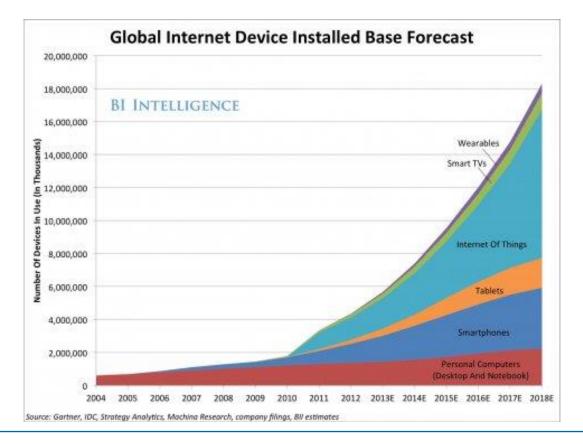
# **Tamper circuit**

- Sensors
  - Wire mesh
  - Voltage monitoring
  - Temperature monitoring
  - Frequency monitoring
  - Die shield
  - Crystal monitoring
- Actuator
  - Erase secure battery protected memory
  - Erasure of any sensitive data in memory if device is powered





### The rise of IoT





# **IoT Security in the press**

# Securing the Autonomous Car

By KENTON WILLISTON MARCH 8, 2017

Protecting IoT devices from cyberattacks: A critical missing piece

August 04, 2017 //By Alan Grau, Icon Labs

IoT Security Must Be Baked In, Not Bolted On

By RICH NASS OCTOBER 17, 2017



# **Arm announces PSA security architecture for IoT devices**

#### Applying the PSA framework delivers real results

#### **Before PSA**

- Metering data exposed resulting in theft of electricity
- Default passwords left in device
- Unable to fix a vulnerability in deployed devices



#### **After PSA**

- Designed-in security identity and data logging
- Devices use certificate based authentication
- Over-the-air update mechanism built in by default

11 © 2017 Arm Limited





Summary

# **Summary**

- Security for payment terminals exists for decades
- Strict regulation and certification exists today
- Hacking success rate is very low
- Similar type of challenges appear in emerging technologies
- Practises and principles can now be used in other industries

# Thanks for your attention!



# **Thanks**

For more information please contact:

T+ 32 2 7276350 M+ 32 495 596862 peter.timmermans@worldline.com

Atos, the Atos logo, Atos Codex, Atos Consulting, Atos Worldgrid, Worldline, BlueKiwi, Bull, Canopy the Open Cloud Company, Unify, Yunano, Zero Email, Zero Email Certified and The Zero Email Company are registered trademarks of the Atos group. November 2017. © 2017 Atos. Confidential information owned by Atos, to be used by the recipient only. This document, or any part of it, may not be reproduced, copied, circulated and/or distributed nor quoted without prior written approval from Atos.

