# GUIDE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF MEDICAL TECHNOLOGY

BEST PRACTICES GUIDELINE, TOOLKIT AND ISO 13485







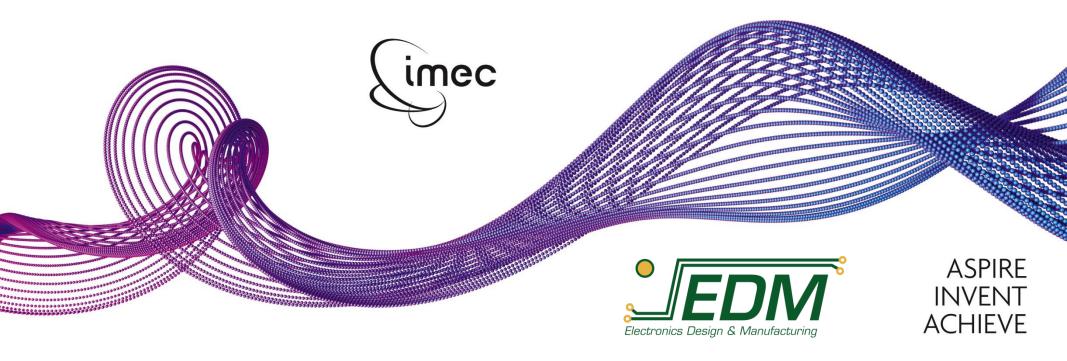




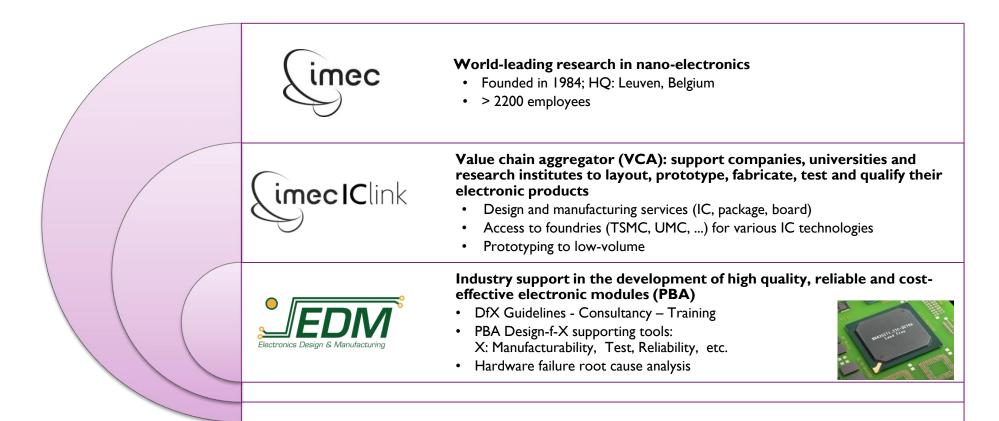


# CENTER FOR ELECTRONICS DESIGN & MANUFACTURING

IMEC – ICLINK - EA



# **CEDM WITHIN THE IMEC COMMUNITY**



# **CEDM MISSION**

#### To support industry

in the development of high quality, reliable and cost-effective

electronic modules (PBA)

by means of

knowledge creation and sharing,

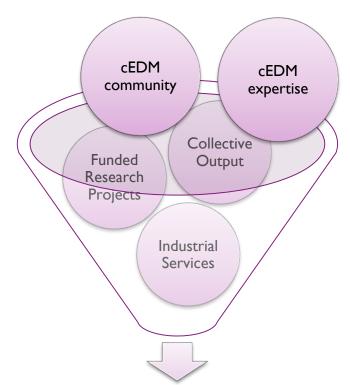
scientifically sound methodologies

and

collaboration

throughout

the electronic supply chain.



Better electronics at reduced cost through science based design & production methodologies





# **CEDM EXPERTISE**

- P4 : IC Package PCB PBA Product technology & reliability
- Design-for-X:
  Manufacturability, Reliability, Test, Cost,...
- cEDM team: >100 years of electronics industry practice
  Design Industrialization Production Quality































# THE CEDM COMMUNITY































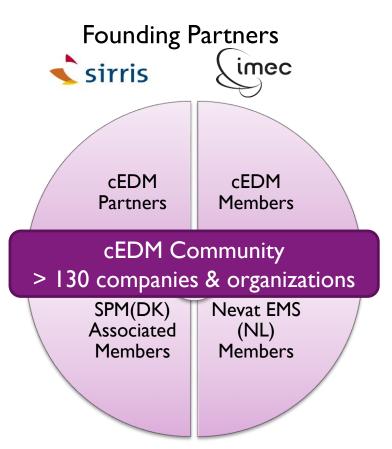
















#### BEST PRACTICES FOR ELECTRONICS IN MEDICAL DEVICES

- Version I: May 2015
- Version 2: May 2016
- O Content:
  - Basic elements of regulatory requirements for medical devices.
  - The realization of medical devices containing electronics.
  - Basic elements of project management for medical devices.
  - Basic elements of Design-for-X: Design-for-Test, Design-for-Reliability, Design-for-RoHS, etc.
  - Basic overview of biocompatibility for medical devices.
  - Design & testing
- O Authors:
  - Maaike Op de Beeck imec
  - Filip Ponsaerts imec
  - Frederik Horemans DSP Valley



# APPROVAL FDA (US) AND CE MARKING (EU)

- Pre-approval in US
  - FDA (Center for Devices and Radiological Health)
    - Class I: very low to low risk
    - Class II: moderate risk
    - Class III: high risk (all implants are class III)
  - Quality System Regulation
- Approval in EU
  - Medical Devices Directive (MDD): 93/42/EEC & 2007/47/CE
    - O Class I, Is, Im
    - Class IIa
    - Class IIb
    - Class III: highest risk (such as implants)
  - Notified Bodies (NB) assess whether a product meets the MDD (CE marking)
  - Quality Management System
  - IEC 60601-1

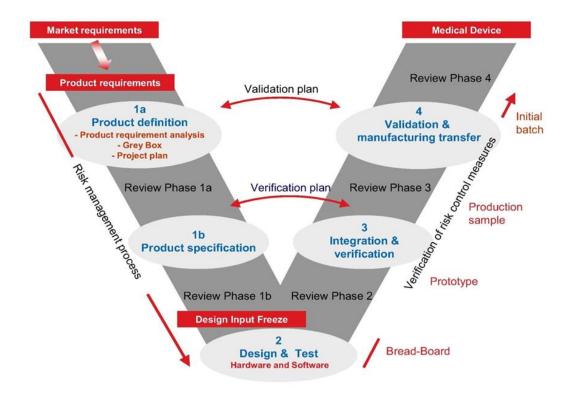


# PROJECT MANAGEMENT BEST PRACTICES

- Choice of the type and level of project management
- Quality Management System (ISO 13485)
- Recommended minimum:
  - Design Control
  - Define the Scope and Objectives
  - Define the Deliverables
  - Project Planning
  - Communication plan
  - Tracking and Reporting
  - Change Management
  - Risk Management



#### VERIFICATION AND VALIDATION



- Verification: Am I building the product right?
- Validation: Am I building the right product?
- V&V activities are important because they:
  - Ensure the requirements are met.
  - Remove defects from the product, reduce cost of poor quality and rework.
  - Ensure the user's needs are met
  - Improve the quality of product and process
  - Improve productivity and performance



#### **DFX GUIDELINES**

- Important when designing a Printed Board Assembly
- Do's and don'ts of good DfX practice
- Basic Design-for-Assembly rules
- Basic Design-for-Manufacturing rules
- Basic Design-for-Test rules
- Basic Design-for-Reliability rules



### BIOCOMPATIBILITY, BIO STABILITY AND STERILITY

- Implantable electronic devices
- Wearable electronic devices
- Natural bio-response upon implantation of foreign material
- Biocompatibility related to material-tissue interaction
- Biocompatibility realized by dedicated encapsulation
- 3 most used types of sterilization:
  - Radiation based techniques
    - Gamma radiation
    - Electron beam radiation
    - X-ray radiation
  - ETO sterilization
  - Autoclave sterilization



#### ISO 13485 CHANGES MARCH 2016

- Some of the changes:
  - Risk-based approach beyond product realization.
  - Increased linkage with regulatory requirements (regulatory documentation)
  - Validation of software applications (QMS software, Process control, measurement & monitoring)
  - Appropriate infrastructure (sterile medical devices, clean environment,...)
  - Planning & documenting CAPA, implement without delay
- Guideline will be updated accordingly



#### **ACTIVE MEDICAL DEVICES**

- Toolkit for starters & SME's
- Release end April 2016
- Focus on active medical devices (power source)
- Excluding In Vitro Diagnostic Device (IVD) and implantables.
- CE marking (EU market)



#### **ACTIVE MEDICAL DEVICES**

- Assess strengths and weaknesses
- Assessment of active medical device
- Classification based on intended use:
  - Class I,Is,Im
  - Class IIa
  - Class IIb
  - Class III
- First assessment of required Quality management system
- Links, documents & checklist
- Evaluate impact of intended use :
  - On classification
  - On CE marking



# **ACTIVE MEDICAL DEVICES**

# Intended use: measure heart rate







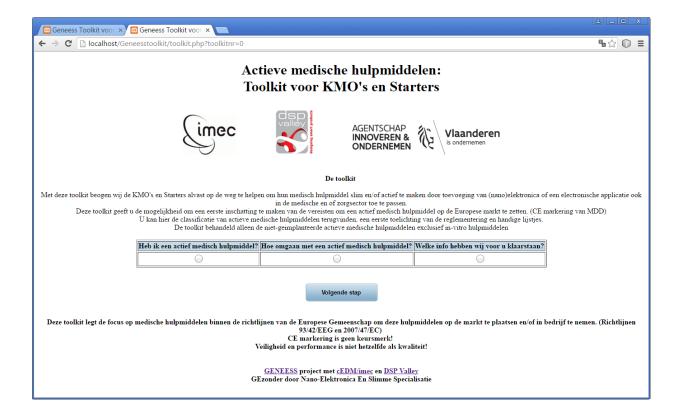


#### **ACTIVE MEDICAL DEVICES**

- Intended use: measure heart rate
- Diagnostic use e.g. 24 hour follow up
- Follow up of a heart condition as part of or after treatment
- Clinical trial
- O Stress test:
  - Diagnostic
  - Prevention
  - Study
- Sport environment:
  - Early detection of risk factors
  - Training progress



#### WEB-BASED







# **THANKYOU**











